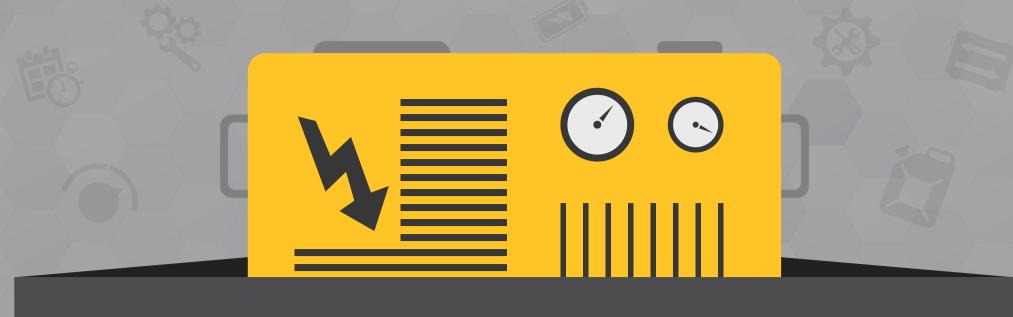
Risky Business

What You Need To Know About...



Emergency Standby Generators

Emergency standby generators are a critical component to any business continuity plan for blackouts or weather-related events.





In 2014, 14.2 million people experienced power outages, which is a 12% increase from the previous year.

Power outages result in an average loss of:



\$15,000 for small retail



\$150,000 for restaurant



\$5,600 per minute for a typical data center

Common Causes of Generator Failure



80% of standby generator starting failures are caused by weak or dead batteries



Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS) set to manual



Cold weather impacts generator performance as batteries lose charge and cranking amps, and fuel gels and condensation freeze in lines



High temperature due to lack of coolant, restricted air flow or low oil



Improper installation



No fuel or contaminated fuel

How to Maintain a Standby Generator



Maintenance Checks

Service permanently installed units annually.



Battery

Check your battery and remove any corrosion and check the voltage of the battery. Batteries usually need replacing every 2-3 years.



Cut back vegetation to provide air-flow to the unit.

Check the Generator's Intake and Exhaust for Debris



Periodic Testing Run the generator for at least 10 minutes every month to keep it in peak

operating condition. Before storm season simulate a power outage to test the transfer switch.



Fuel Storage

Add fuel stabilizer to minimize effects of long-term storage.



or suitable for all situations, conditions, andenvironments. Please contact us or your attorney if you have any questions.

